A-LEVEL PAPER 4 CONSUMER PSYCHOLOGY

DESIGN-A-STUDY MODEL ANSWERS

- 1. Point of purchase decisions include multiple unit pricing and suggestive selling.
- (a) Plan an experiment to investigate the effectiveness of suggestive selling on purchases from a supermarket.

Your plan must include details about:

- controls
- directional or non-directional hypothesis. [10]

The <u>aim</u> is to investigate whether suggestive selling by staff increases purchases of a		
target product in a supermarket. A direction	<u>ial hypothesis</u> is proposed, "Shop	pers
		_

Before each day of the study, the researcher will ensure that

(b) For <u>one</u> piece of psychological knowledge on which your plan is based:
(i) Describe this psychological knowledge. [4]
Ans.
Wansink et al. proposed that an anchoring-and-adjustment model applies to point-of-purchase decisions. According to them, shoppers use
(ii) Explain how you used <u>two</u> features of this psychological knowledge to plan your study. [4]
Ans.
Firstly, I used <u>external</u>
Secondly, I used the feature of

(c) (i) Explain <u>one</u> reason for your choice of controls. [2]
Ans.
One reason for choosing strict controls like keeping constant
s.
(ii) Explain <u>one</u> weakness of your choice of controls. [2]
Ans.
One weakness is that tight controls <u>reduce</u>
(iii) Explain <u>one</u> reason for your choice of directional or non-directional hypothesis. [2]
Ans.
A directional hypothesis is chosen because

2. (a) Plan a study using a questionnaire with closed questions to investigate the effectiveness of multiple unit pricing on purchases from a supermarket.

Your plan must include details about:

- the questionnaire technique
- descriptive statistics. [10]

The <u>aim</u> of the study is to investigate
The questionnaire will be administered using a <u>paper-and-pencil technique</u> to ensure that it is

Participants' answers will be <u>scored</u> numerically from
The <u>validity of the plan</u> is increased by

(b) For one piece of psychological knowledge on which your plan is based:(i) Describe this psychological knowledge. [4]
Ans.
One piece of psychological knowledge relevant to this study is
(ii) Explain how you used \underline{two} features of this psychological knowledge to plan your study. [4]
Ans.
Firstly, I used the feature that
Secondly, I used the

(c) (i) Explain <u>one</u> reason for your choice of questionnaire technique. [2]
Ans.
One reason for choosing a
(ii) Explain one weakness of using closed questions in your study. [2]
Ans.
One weakness of using closed questions is that they
(iii) Explain one reason for your choice of descriptive statistics. [2]
Ans.
One reason for choosing descriptive statistics, specifically calculating

3. (a) Plan a study using a postal questionnaire to investigate the 'explorer' type of spatial behaviour pattern of shoppers.

- sampling technique
- type(s) of data. [10]

The <u>aim</u> of this study is to investigate the 'explorer' type of spatial behaviour pattern of shoppers, specifically, how
Participants will be asked to provide basic demographic information such as
The questionnaire responses will be <u>scored</u> by assigning numbers according to the

(i) Describe this psychological knowledge. [4]
Ans.
The psychological knowledge that this study is based on is <u>Gil et al.'s research</u> , which identified
(ii) Explain how you used <u>two</u> features of this psychological knowledge to plan your study. [4] Ans.
Firstly, I used the feature that explorers
Secondly, I used the feature that explorers

- 4. Shoppers' liking of a store exterior and intention to shop at that store can be influenced by window displays.
- (a) Plan an interview to investigate the effectiveness of different window displays on intention to shop.

Your plan must include details about:

- interview format
- interview technique. [10]

Ans.

Γhe <u>aim</u> of this study is to investigate the effectiveness of different window displays on
participants will be explained that the specific purpose of the
participants will be explained that the specific purpose of the
participants will be explained that the specific purpose of the study is
study is
study is
study is
study is

© Jyotika Varmani, Excelling Psychology

<u>Examples</u>	

(b) For one piece of psychological knowledge on which your plan is based:(i) Describe this psychological knowledge. [4]
Ans.
Mower et al. aimed to investigate the effect of
(ii) Explain how you used <u>two</u> features of this psychological knowledge to plan your study. [4] Ans.
Firstly, I used Mower et al.'s finding that
Secondly, I applied

(c) (i) Explain one reason for your choice of interview format. [2]
Ans.
A reason for choosing a semi-structured interview format is
(ii) Explain <u>one</u> weakness of your choice of interview format. [2]
Ans.
One weakness of this format is that it can
(iii) Explain one reason for your choice of interview technique. [2]
Ans.
Face-to-face interview technique was chosen because it

5. Plan a study using a face-to-face interview to investigate the effectiveness of the 'disrupt-then-reframe' sales technique.

Your plan must include details about:

- question format
- sampling technique. [10]

The <u>aim</u> of the study is to investigate whether the 'disrupt-then-reframe' sales technique
is an effective
A <u>semi-structured face-to-face interview</u> will be conducted individually with each
participant by a

Ethical considerations will include obtaining <u>written informed consent</u> from participants before the interview. Participants will be informed that they
To increase the <u>reliability of the plan</u> ,
<u>Data analysis</u> will focus mainly on

(b) For one piece of psychological knowledge on which your plan is based:
(i) Describe this psychological knowledge. [4]
The <u>disrupt-then-reframe (DTR) technique</u> is a strategy to increase
. For example, in <u>Karde</u>
et al, university students were
(ii) Explain how you used \underline{two} features of this psychological knowledge to plan your study. [4]
Ans.
One feature of the DTR technique I used in my plan is the <u>disruption</u>

(c) (i) Explain one reason for your choice of question format. [2]
Ans.
A combination of closed and open questions was chosen to
(ii) Explain one weakness of your choice of question format. [2]
Ans.
Open questions can lead to varied and subjective responses that are
(iii) Explain one reason for your choice of sampling technique. [2]
Ans.
Opportunity sampling is

Lesson prepared by:

Jyotika Varmani

CIE A Levels Psychology School Teacher, Modern College, Mauritius
CIE A Levels Psychology Subject Expert, Podar International, Mumbai
AQA GCSE and A Levels Psychology Tutor, Expert Tutors, UAE
AQA A Levels Psychology Tutor, Higher OTS Academy, UAE
AQA A Levels Psychology Tutor, Gritty Tech, India
AQA A Levels Psychology Tutor, Aurora ELearning, UAE
Edexcel Psychology Tutor, ETutor Home, India

Youtuber with 4k+ Global Psychology Student and Teacher Subscribers
Psychology Website Author with 10M+ Global Views, visit:

https://excellingpsychology.com

9+ Years Experience in International GCSE and A-Levels Psychology Tutoring for CIE,

AQA, Edexcel and IBDP

M.A. (Psychology Honours), UGC-SET and NET (first attempt, first ranker),

PGDHE (Post-Graduate Diploma in Higher Education)

Visit Jyotika Varmani's complete profile at
https://www.teacheron.com/tutor-profile/1KH

To book your GCSE/IGCSE/A-levels classes with Jyotika Varmani:

WhatsApp: +919892507784 OR

e-mail: ivotika@excellingpsychology.com

You can also reach out for paper corrections and feedback or assistance with IA/EE or other psychology projects over correspondence only