IMPULSE CONTROL DISORDERS ESSAY PACK

1 (a) D	escribe wha	at psycho	logists l	have (discovered	about:
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- Diagnostic criteria of impulse control disorders
- Kleptomania Symptom Assessment Scale (K-SAS) [6]

Ans.

The diagnostic criteria of impulse control disord	ders suggest a pattern of <u>rising tension</u> that is
relieved only	
	In <u>kleptomania</u> , individuals experience
The Kleptomania Symptom Assessment Scale (k	K-SAS) is the main tool used to measure the
	t also for assessing changes in symptom
severity over time, such as during and after trea	tment.

- 1 (b) Evaluate what psychologists have discovered about:
 - Diagnostic criteria of impulse control disorders
 - Kleptomania Symptom Assessment Scale (K-SAS)

including a discussion about idiographic versus nomothetic approaches.

Evaluation in your answer can include strengths, weaknesses and a discussion of issues and debates. [10]

Ans.	
An important issue is <u>idiographic versus nomothetic</u> . The diagnostic criteria for i disorders are nomothetic because	mpulse control
Another relevant issue is the <u>use of questionnaires</u> . The K-SAS is entirely	
	may not fully
capture denial, guilt or attempts to hide criminal behaviour.	
Finally, <u>case studies</u> are an important consideration. Diagnosing impulse control	dicardore
requires ruling out	uisoruers

2 (a) Describe what psychologists have discovered about:

- Biological explanation: dopamine
- Cognitive explanation : Miller's feeling-state

for impulse control disorders [6]

А	n	C

Later research suggested that some people have <u>reward deficiency</u>
Miller's feeling-state theory explains impulse control disorders through <u>addictive memories</u> .
Emotional states

- 2 (b) Evaluate what psychologists have discovered about:
 - Biological explanation: dopamine
 - Cognitive explanation: Miller's feeling-state theory

for impulse control disorders, including a discussion about individual and situational explanations.

Evaluation in your answer can include strengths, weaknesses and a discussion of issues and debates. [10]

Ans.
An important issue is <u>individual and situational explanations</u> . The biological explanation focuses
on dopamine and its related reward centers
Another relevant issue is <u>nature versus nurture</u> . Biological explanations clearly support nature, suggesting that genetic
Application to everyday life is also important. Biological explanations help identify
is also important. Biological explanations help facility
link between emotional states and problem
behaviours. This shows that both explanations have great practical value in treating impulse
control disorders.

3 (a) Describe the Grant et al. study on treating gambling disorder with drugs and placebo. [6]

AllS.
Grant et al. investigated the factors that predict the effectiveness of <u>opiate antagonists</u> in treating gambling disorder. These drugs block
Results showed that the two trials produced highly similar findings, allowing combined analysis.
Family history of alcoholism

3 (b) Evaluate the Grant et al. study on treating gambling disorder with drugs and placebo, including a discussion about idiographic versus nomothetic approaches.

Evaluation in your answer can include strengths, weaknesses and a discussion of issues and debates. [10]

Ans.
An important issue is <u>idiographic versus nomothetic approaches</u> . Grant et al. aimed to identify
Another relevant issue is the <u>use of interviews</u> . Grant et al. used structured and semi-structured interviews
some participants may have under-reported family alcoholism or personal urges in this study, reducing validity.
Generalisation of findings is also an important consideration. The sample consisted only

4 (a`	Describe what	psychologists hav	e discovered	about:
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- Covert sensitisation
- Imaginal desensitisation

as treatment for impulse-control disorders [6]

Ans.			

Covert sensitisation is a learning-based treatment in which unwanted behaviours are weakened
by linking them with disturbing and unpleasant images. The therapist guides the patient to
Imaginal desensitisation helps the patient visualise the entire chain of events that normally
leads to impulsive behaviour. This includes

(b) Eva	aluate what psychologists have discovered about:
•	Covert sensitisation

Imaginal desensitisation

as treatment for impulse-control disorders, including a discussion about application to everyday life. $\$

Evaluation in your answer can include strengths, weaknesses and a discussion of issues and debates. [10]

Ans.

One relevant issue is <u>application to everyday life</u> . Both covert sensitisation and imaginal desensitisation give practical ways to
desensitisation give practical ways to
A second issue is <u>reductionism versus holism</u> . Covert sensitisation takes a reductionist view,
Imaginal desensitisation is more holistic because
A third relevant issue is <u>idiographic versus nomothetic</u> . Covert sensitisation can be adapted to
A third relevant issue is <u>idiographic versus nomothetic</u> . Covert sensitisation can be adapted to individual clients,

Jyotika Varmani

CIE A Levels Psychology School Teacher, Modern College, Mauritius
CIE A Levels Psychology Subject Expert, Podar International, Mumbai
AQA, Edexcel GCSE and A Levels and IBDP HL Psychology Tutor, Expert Tutors, UAE
AQA A Levels Psychology Tutor, Higher OTS Academy, UAE
AQA A Levels Psychology Tutor, Gritty Tech, India for UAE
AQA A Levels Psychology Tutor, Aurora ELearning, UAE
Edexcel GCSE and A-levels Psychology Tutor, ETutor Home, India for UAE
Edexcel GCSE Psychology Tutor, Edu Academy Online, UAE

Youtuber with 4k+ Global Psychology Student and Teacher Subscribers
Psychology Website Author with 10M+ Global Views, visit:

https://excellingpsychology.com

10+ Years Experience in UK and International GCSE and A-Levels Psychology Tutoring for CIE, AQA, Edexcel and IBDP; and AP Psychology Tutoring for USA

M.A. (Psychology Honours), UGC-SET and NET (first attempt, first ranker),

PGDHE (Post-Graduate Diploma in Higher Education)

Visit Jyotika Varmani's complete profile at
https://www.teacheron.com/tutor-profile/1KH

To book your GCSE/IGCSE/A-levels/AP classes with Jyotika Varmani:

WhatsApp: +919892507784 OR

e-mail: jyotika@excellingpsychology.com

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